Chippewa Valley Schools

Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

Chippewa Valley Schools

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Chippewa Valley Schools

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Chippewa Valley Schools' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chippewa Valley Schools as of June 30, 2025 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



To the Board of Education Chippewa Valley Schools

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Chippewa Valley Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 8, 2025 on our consideration of Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Chippewa Valley Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 8, 2025

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the annual financial report for Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Chippewa Valley Schools financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds, the General Fund, the Cooperative Activities Fund, the 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements
Fund Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Cooperative Activities Fund

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Schedule of Pension Contributions

Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Cafeteria Fund is an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects).

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

		Governmental Activities			
		2025	2024		
		(in millions)		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	176.4 \$ 353.4	142.0 359.5		
Total assets		529.8	501.5		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		79.7	110.5		
Liabilities Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability		32.8 416.1 233.0	33.5 444.4 307.9		
Total liabilities		681.9	785.8		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		143.5	112.4		
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		1.8 51.1 (268.8)	(18.3) 14.1 (282.0)		
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	(215.9) \$	(286.2)		

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(215.9) million at June 30, 2025. Net investment in capital assets, totaling \$1.8 million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, \$(268.8) million, was unrestricted.

The \$(268.8) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net position balance enables the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements and to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities				
		2025 202			
		(in million	ıs)		
Revenue					
Program revenue:	_				
Charges for services	\$	9.3 \$	8.8		
Operating grants		89.1	84.8		
General revenue:					
Taxes		59.4	55.5		
State aid not restricted to specific purposes		115.7	124.3		
Other		11.0	11.0		
Total revenue		284.5	284.4		
Expenses					
Instruction		103.6	114.4		
Support services		69.0	74.1		
District child care		1.3	1.2		
Food services		7.0	7.2		
Community services		0.7	0.9		
International Academy		3.0	3.3		
Debt service		13.4	14.7		
Depreciation expense (unallocated)		16.2	16.0		
Total expenses		214.2	231.8		
Change in Net Position		70.3	52.6		
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year		(286.2)	(338.8)		
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	<u>\$</u>	(215.9) \$	(286.2)		

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$214.2 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$9.3 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$89.1 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$59.4 million in taxes, \$115.7 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$70.3 million. This figure represents the net difference between revenue and function/program expenses.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$104.4 million, which is a decrease of \$0.5 million from last year. The primary reasons for the decrease are as follows:

General Fund - Fund balance increased by \$4.4 million to \$45.2 million.

Special revenue funds - Fund balance decreased from \$7.7 million last year to \$6.6 million this year. Included in this increase is the major special revenue fund, the Cooperative Activities Fund, which had a balance of \$19.0 million as of June 30, 2025.

2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund - Fund balance decreased by \$7.3 million to \$11 million. 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund - Fund balance increased by \$4.6 million to \$16 million.

Combined, the fund balance of our debt service funds increased nominally. Millage rates held consistent with the prior year in order to obligate toward debt service payments. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. Debt service fund balances are reserved since they can only be used to pay debt service obligations.

Combined, the fund balance of our capital project funds, excluding the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund, which is discussed above, remained unchanged from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District will revise its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in May 2025. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budgets compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were no significant revisions made to the 2024-2025 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue was increased by a net \$1 million due to the impact of MPSERS categorical funding adjustments for an increase of \$2 million. The removal of an expected \$250 per pupil increase amounted to a reduction of \$3.6 million, higher than anticipated enrollment figures of an additional 57 FTE equated to \$554,000, and special education reimbursement funding increased revenue by \$1.1 million. An increase from the county-wide enhancement millage funding from the MISD in the amount of \$65,000 was also accounted for. A budget increase of over \$397,000 was factored in relation to the interest rate earnings environment along with an increase of \$404,000 related to fees for services (preschool, community education, and gate receipts). A summation of various other net increases in revenue sources accounts for the remaining difference.

Budgeted expenditures were also decreased by \$1.9 million to \$214.7 million due the net impact costs related to staffing wage changes for unpaid leaves, retirements, vacancies, and a formula distribution payout increasing expenses by \$1.4 million. A decrease of \$3.2 million was factored in for the adjustment of MPSERS costs alongside further adjustment of net retirement expense in conjunction with the wage changes. The budget also reflected a decrease in utility costs in the amount of \$223,000 along with a decrease in fuel costs in the amount of \$111,000. Other, less significant, net increases to expenditures account for the remaining adjustment.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2025, the School District had \$353.4 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$6.1 million from last year.

		2025	2024
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	\$	16,948,724 \$ 81,989 536,166,617 60,025,803 9,623,096	16,948,724 3,202,752 524,490,414 63,115,131 10,262,424
Total capital assets		622,846,229	618,019,445
Less accumulated depreciation		269,439,855	258,471,188
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	353,406,374 \$	359,548,257

This year's additions of \$10.5 million included necessary purchases of security and technology, buses, and capital project enhancements. Furniture and equipment needs were also met. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$355.8 million in bonds outstanding versus \$384.3 million in the previous year - a change of 7.4 percent. The outstanding bonds consisted of the following:

	2025	2024		
General obligation bonds	\$ 355,770,000 \$	384,335,000		

The School District's general obligation bond rating was AA- by S&P Global Ratings as of June 30, 2025. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the state equalized value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues qualified debt (i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan), such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding debt meets the qualified status requirements and is not subject to the general obligation statutorily imposed limit.

In addition, the School District participates in the School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund, which had approximately \$37.3 million in debt outstanding versus \$36.9 million in the previous year. Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, arbitrage liability, and early retirement incentives. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2025-2026 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2025-2026 budget was adopted in June 2025 based on an estimate of students who will enroll in September 2025. The vast majority of General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. Under state law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. At this time, it is difficult to know if the estimates used in creating the 2025-2026 budget will be close to the actual enrollment figures.

Chippewa Valley Schools

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenue to fund its appropriation to the School District. The state school aid budget for the upcoming school year has extended the investments to address more equitable categorical funds while introducing a new categorical that is meant to financially represent an implicit reduction to the retirement contribution rate.

The school aid budget was not approved until July 2025, and the School District must have its 2025-2026 budget approved prior to the end of June 2025. Utilizing the best information available at the time, the School District's 2025-2026 budget was developed with assumptions of a \$250 per pupil increase to the foundation allowance. We now know there was no per pupil increase in the final state school aid budget but instead a new categorical for 2025-2026 that provides roughly a 4 percent increase to funding in lieu of a per pupil foundation allowance increase. Necessary budgetary adjustments will be made appropriately throughout the upcoming fiscal year as more changes and assumptions become known.

Labor agreements are currently in effect through June 30, 2026, which provides great stability and certainty for both the School District and its employees. Most recently, the School District proudly passed an operating millage renewal of 18 mills, which allows the School District to continue receiving revenue at the full per pupil foundation allowance permitted by the State. The operating millage renewal will continue to benefit our students, families, and entire community for years to come.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	G 	overnmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$	32,982,465
Receivables:	Ψ	0=,00=,.00
Other receivables		523,594
Due from other governments		33,508,612
Inventory		147,383
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,045,549
Restricted assets (Note 4)		67,359,752
Net OPEB asset (Note 10)		40,854,361
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)		353,406,374
. , ,		
Total assets		529,828,090
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred charges on bond refunding (Note 8)		2,281,257
Deferred pension costs (Note 10)		66,477,668
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 10)		10,935,728
Total deferred outflows of resources		79,694,653
Liabilities		, ,
		2 566 007
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities and other		2,566,987
		20,764,317
Unearned revenue (Note 5)		9,539,110
Noncurrent liabilities:		20 757 005
Due within one year (Note 8)		32,757,065
Due in more than one year (Note 8)		383,309,818
Net pension liability (Note 10)		233,006,136
Total liabilities		681,943,433
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred benefit on bond refunding (Note 8)		2,269,200
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement		
date (Note 10)		12,654,246
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 10)		73,423,094
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 10)	_	55,153,009
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	143,499,549
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets		1,822,731
Restricted:		.,,
Capital projects		8,498,624
Special revenue		708,868
Debt service		985,831
Net OPEB asset		40,854,361
Unrestricted		(268,790,654)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(215,920,239)
Total het position (denoit)		

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

			Program	R	evenue Operating Grants and	 N F	Activities let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
	Expenses		Services	(Contributions	_	Net Position
Functions/Programs Primary government - Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$ 103,576,676	\$	-	\$	49,538,437	\$	(54,038,239)
Support services	68,951,916		858,014		31,595,641		(36,498,261)
Food services	7,032,954		637,955		7,649,254		1,254,255
Community services	728,695		2,572,466		294,320		2,138,091
Interdistrict payments	15,000		-		-		(15,000)
International Academy	3,054,767		3,665,879		-		611,112
District child care	1,274,846		1,521,241		-		246,395
Interest	12,643,041		-		-		(12,643,041)
Other debt costs	710,123		-		-		(710,123)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	16,234,619			-		-	(16,234,619)
Total primary government	\$ 214,222,637	\$	9,255,555	\$	89,077,652	. ((115,889,430)
	General revenu Taxes:	,	. ,				
	purpos		es levied for	gei	ierai		17,652,614
			es levied for	del	nt service		41,805,224
	State aid no						115,679,246
	Interest and						5,445,944
	Penalties, in						108,387
	Loss on sale						(442,087)
	Other		•				5,968,431
	Total general revenue						186,217,759
	Change in Net	Pos	sition				70,328,329
	Net Position (Defic	cit) - Beginni	ing	of year		(286,248,568)
	Net Position (Defic	cit) - End of	yea	ar	\$	(215,920,239)

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2025

	Genera	al Fund		Cooperative ctivities Fund		018 Building and Site - eries 1 Fund		2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 7.3	34,422	\$	18,856,647	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,791,396	\$	32,982,465
Receivables: Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds (Note 7) Inventory Prepaid expenses Restricted assets (Note 4)	5 33,5 9	17,694 08,612 56,942 16,633 91,689 22,606	_	28,073 - 153,860	_	4,000,000 - - 12,382,569	_	- 181,181 - - 11,812,356	_	5,900 - 1,368,484 130,750 - 5,842,221	_	523,594 33,508,612 6,534,680 147,383 1,045,549 67,359,752
Total assets	\$ 80,5	48,598	\$	19,038,580	\$	16,382,569	\$	11,993,537	\$	14,138,751	\$	142,102,035
Liabilities												_
Accounts payable Due to other funds (Note 7) Accrued liabilities and other Unearned revenue (Note 5)	5,5 19,0	24,432 32,706 58,282 28,821	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	1,004,095 - - -	\$	238,460 1,001,974 - 110,289	\$	2,566,987 6,534,680 19,058,282 9,539,110
Total liabilities	35,3	44,241		-		-		1,004,095		1,350,723		37,699,059
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaid expenses Restricted:		16,633 91,689		- 153,860		- -		- -		130,750 -		147,383 1,045,549
Debt service Capital projects Food service International Academy Committed:		- - -		- - - 708,868		- 16,382,569 - -		- 10,989,442 - -		2,691,866 3,534,025 3,167,964		2,691,866 30,906,036 3,167,964 708,868
Accumulated employment obligation Student Intervention Program Student/School activities Child care activities Unassigned	ŕ	83,134 - - - 12,901		- 18,175,852 - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- 2,333,819 929,604 -		3,983,134 18,175,852 2,333,819 929,604 40,312,901
Total fund balances	45,2	04,357		19,038,580		16,382,569		10,989,442		12,788,028		104,402,976
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 80,5	48,598	\$	19,038,580	\$	16,382,569	\$	11,993,537	\$	14,138,751	\$	142,102,035

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	104,402,976
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds: Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation		622,846,229 (269,439,855)
Net capital assets used in governmental activities		353,406,374
Deferred inflows and outflows related to bond refundings are not reported in the funds		12,057
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(410,338,604)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(1,706,035)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:		
Employee compensated absences Early termination incentive obligations Provision for health and/or workers' compensation claims not accounted for within the		(3,983,134) (815,390)
internal service fund		(358,654)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows Net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows		(239,951,562) (3,362,920)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds		(12,654,246)
Arbitrage rebate costs that do not use current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	; 	(571,101)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$	(215,920,239)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Cooperative Activities Fund	2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund	2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources Interdistrict	\$ 23,358,124 171,950,130 7,225,114 11,438,513	\$ 946,573 - - 3,665,879	\$ 598,682 - - -	\$ 678,365 - - -	\$ 50,988,532 3,258,277 4,826,068	\$ 76,570,276 175,208,407 12,051,182 15,104,392
Total revenue	213,971,881	4,612,452	598,682	678,365	59,072,877	278,934,257
Expenditures Current:						
Instruction Support services	126,994,436 76,413,131	2,597,087 428,236	-	-	- 5,667,337	129,591,523 82,508,704
Food services Community services	- 781,825	-	-	-	8,042,049 157,579	8,042,049 939,404
International Academy	-	3,054,767	-	-	-	3,054,767
District child care Debt service:	-	-	-	-	1,274,846	1,274,846
Principal Principal	-	-	-	-	28,565,000	28,565,000
Interest	-	-	-	-	15,741,627	15,741,627
Other debt costs Capital outlay	2,111,754	102,234	-	8,004,523	139,022 1,012,497	139,022 11,231,008
Interdistrict payments	15,000					15,000
Total expenditures	206,316,146	6,182,324		8,004,523	60,599,957	281,102,950
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	7,655,735	(1,569,872)	598,682	(7,326,158)	(1,527,080)	(2,168,693)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund						
proceeds (Note 8)	-		-	-	1,642,103	1,642,103
Transfers in (Note 7) Transfers out (Note 7)	1,854,748 (5,172,515)	1,172,515 (1,138,878)	4,000,000		(715,870)	7,027,263 (7,027,263)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(3,317,767)	33,637	4,000,000		926,233	1,642,103
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,337,968	(1,536,235)	4,598,682	(7,326,158)	(600,847)	(526,590)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported	40,866,389	20,574,815	-	18,315,600	25,172,762	104,929,566
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)			11,783,887		(11,783,887)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as adjusted or restated	40,866,389	20,574,815	11,783,887	18,315,600	13,388,875	104,929,566
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 45,204,357	\$ 19,038,580	\$ 16,382,569	\$ 10,989,442	\$ 12,788,028	\$ 104,402,976

Chippewa Valley Schools

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ (526,590)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: Capitalized capital outlay Depreciation expense Net book value of assets disposed of	10,534,823 (16,234,619) (442,087)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	6,058,796
Issuing debt, net of premiums and discounts, provides current financial resources to governmental funds but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	(1,642,103)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds	31,539,296
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues	124,290
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, and compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	40,916,523
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 70,328,329

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Chippewa Valley Schools (the "School District") is a school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds (if applicable), even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following broad fund type:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The Cooperative Activities Fund combines the International Academy and Student Intervention Program. The fund's purpose is to account for the revenue and expenditures for operating a countywide International Academy, as well as operating the School District's Student Intervention Program. Its primary revenue sources are tuition from other school districts, a portion of the School District's nonhomestead tax millage, and the county-wide enhancement millage revenue.
- The 2018 Building and Site Series 2 Fund and the 2018 Building and Site Series 1 Fund are capital
 projects funds that are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of
 invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology
 upgrades; and remodeling and repairs, in accordance with the related bond issue.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's nonmajor special revenue funds are the Cafeteria, District Child Care, and Student/School Activities funds. Revenue sources for the Cafeteria Fund include sales to customers and dedicated grants from federal sources. Revenue sources for the Student/School Activities Fund include fundraising revenue and donations earned and received by student groups. Revenue sources for the District Child Care program include fees charged for attendance at the School District's child care locations. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- Capital project funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of
 invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology
 upgrades; and remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were
 created is accomplished.
- Debt service funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

The School District does not have any internal service funds.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fiduciary funds, if applicable, use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of nine months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized cost.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Inventories accounted for using the purchase method are recorded as expenditures when purchased and include all inventories of governmental funds other than commodities within the Cafeteria Fund. Inventories accounted for using the consumption method are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased and include commodities within the Cafeteria Fund. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Assets

The following amounts are reported as restricted assets:

- Unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the bonded capital projects funds required to be set aside for construction or other allowable bond purchases
- Unspent property taxes levied held in the debt service funds required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year, except for computer purchases, which are deemed capital assets at a minimum purchase price of \$500. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment	5 to 20
Buses and other vehicles	7

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The General Fund and debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred pension and OPEB costs and deferred refunding charges related to bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District reports deferred inflows related to revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, deferred pension and OPEB plan cost reductions, and deferred refunding charges related to bonds.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Net position of the School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The School District has, by resolution, authorized the assistant superintendent of business services and operations to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31, and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on July 1. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Grants and Contributions

The School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

It is the School District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. Sick and vacation pay are accrued for the estimated amount that the School District will pay upon employment termination. Both of these are reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. Generally, the funds that report each employee's compensation are used to liquidate the obligations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes

Changes to or within the Financial Reporting Entity

Change in Major Funds

2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund was previously reported as a nonmajor fund but is now reported as a major fund for fiscal year 2025. The effects of this change in major funds is shown in the table that follows.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2025, the changes noted above resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance as follows:

	_ <u>J</u>	lune 30, 2024			_	June 30, 2024
	_	As Previously Reported	,	hange to or within the Financial porting Entity		As Restated
Governmental funds: Major funds:						
General Fund Cooperative Activities Fund	\$	40,866,389 20,574,815	\$	-	\$	40,866,389 20.574.815
Formerly nonmajor - 2018 Building and Site -		20,374,013		-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Series 1 Fund 2018 Building & Site - Series 2 Fund		- 18,315,600		11,783,887		11,783,887 18,315,600
Nonmajor funds		25,172,762		(11,783,887)	_	13,388,875
Total governmental funds	\$	104,929,566	\$	-	\$	104,929,566

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-of-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. This statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function (or fund, function, and object). The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function (or object) level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. The required supplementary information - budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting used to prepare the budget, which includes certain items having classifications that differ from the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District increased budgeted amounts during the year in response to additional funding.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders or contracts) are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan School Code.

The capital project funds for the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund and for the 2005 Building and Site Fund include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the projects for which the bonds were issued were considered complete during a prior period, and the School District has completed the required reporting to the Michigan Department of Treasury.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime 1 or 2 at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated 14 banks for the deposit of its funds.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost, except for a 1-day minimum investment period on MILAF cash management funds and a 14-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy states that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with acceptable risk levels be used for the School District's deposits. At year end, the School District had bank deposits of \$10,156,966 (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment policy states that custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law. At June 30, 2025, the School District does not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; investing operating funds, primarily in the shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2025, the credit quality ratings of investments are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value		Rating	Rating Organization
MILAF Term Series Comerica J Fund bank investment pool	\$	2,000,000 28,378,255	AAAf Not Rated	Fitch
MILAF bank investment pool		61,921,607	AAAm	S&P
Total	\$	92,299,862		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2025, the School District does not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Investments in Entities That Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Term Series where the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2025, the net asset value of the School District's investment in the MILAF Term Series was \$2,000,000. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments. The MILAF Term Series allows for the School District to set a specific redemption date set upon initiation of investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply.

The investment pools includes investments that the School District does not control. The investment pools invest primarily in high-quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue (Continued)

At June 30, 2025, the School District had \$9,539,110 of unearned revenue, of which \$9,428,821 related to grants received and tuition payments received but not yet earned and \$110,289 related to deposits received for the subsequent year's food service program.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2024	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2025
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 16,948,724 3,202,752	•	\$ - 81,990	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 16,948,724 81,989
Subtotal	20,151,476	(3,202,753)	81,990	-	17,030,713
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	524,490,414 63,115,131 10,262,424	3,202,753	8,473,450 1,217,507 761,876	(4,306,835) (1,401,204)	536,166,617 60,025,803 9,623,096
Subtotal	597,867,969	3,202,753	10,452,833	(5,708,039)	605,815,516
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	208,353,959 43,711,610 6,405,619	- - -	10,321,955 5,158,165 754,499	(4,004,868) (1,261,084)	218,675,914 44,864,907 5,899,034
Subtotal	258,471,188		16,234,619	(5,265,952)	269,439,855
Net capital assets being depreciated	339,396,781	3,202,753	(5,781,786)	(442,087)	336,375,661
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$ 359,548,257	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (5,699,796)	\$ (442,087)	\$ 353,406,374

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities, as the School District's assets benefit multiple activities, and allocation is not practical.

Construction Commitments

The School District has active construction projects at year end related to the 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 bond issue. At year end, the School District's commitments with contractors totaled \$922,247.

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund Due To		General Fund		major Funds	_	Total
General Fund Cooperative Activities Fund 2018 Building and Site - Series 2 Fund 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund Nonmajor funds	\$	- 181,181 4,000,000 1,351,525	\$	956,942 28,073 - - 16,959	\$	956,942 28,073 181,181 4,000,000 1,368,484
Total	\$	5,532,706	\$	1,001,974	\$	6,534,680

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

The General Fund transferred \$1,172,515 to the International Academy Fund to cover the School District's tuition owed to the International Academy.

The International Academy transferred \$1,138,878 to the General Fund to reimburse the School District for staff working at the International Academy and other expenditures.

The General Fund transferred \$4,000,000 to the 2018 Building and Site - Series 1 Fund to supplement building projects that the current bond funding would not have been able to support.

The District Child Care Fund transferred \$315,870 to the General Fund for indirect costs and share of profits.

The Cafeteria Fund transferred \$400,000 to the General Fund for indirect costs.

Note 8 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds payable: Direct borrowings and direct placements - School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund Other debt - General obligation	\$ 36,925,087	\$ 1,642,103	\$ (1,276,927)	\$ 37,290,263	-
bonds Unamortized bond premiums	384,335,000 19,075,682		(28,565,000) (1,797,341)	355,770,000 17,278,341	29,790,000 1,797,341
Total bonds payable	440,335,769	1,642,103	(31,639,268)	410,338,604	31,587,341
Compensated absences Claims and judgments Early termination obligation Arbitrage liability	2,050,101 254,794 1,819,080	•	(150,654) (245,836) (1,362,140)	3,983,134 358,654 815,390 571,101	617,105 358,654 193,965
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 444,459,744	\$ 5,005,037	\$ (33,397,898)	\$ 416,066,883	\$ 32,757,065

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

The School District had deferred outflows of \$2,281,257 and deferred inflows of \$(2,269,200) related to deferred charges (benefit) on bond refundings at June 30, 2025.

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The School District's qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. The primary source of any required repayment is from the School District's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the School District's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the School District. General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rates - Percent	Maturing May 1	Outstanding
2015 Refunding Series A	\$3,975,000 - \$9,730,000	3.13 to 5.00	2027	\$ 13,705,000
2016 Refunding Series A	\$3,505,000 - \$3,675,000	2.75 to 5.00	2035	35,935,000
2016 Refunding Series B	\$1,660,000 - \$4,245,000	5.00	2027	5,905,000
2018 Building and Site - Series 1	\$1,550,000 - \$4,425,000	5.00	2043	54,225,000
2019 Refunding	\$2,900,000 - \$22,450,000	1.92 to 2.59	2032	94,425,000
2020 Debt Refunding	\$2,895,000 - \$19,100,000	0.64 to 2.08	2034	83,320,000
2021 Refunding	\$10,500,000 - \$10,855,000	2.06 to 2.26	2033	32,015,000
2023 Building & Site & Refunding	\$1,075,000 - \$5,835,000	5.00	2043	36,240,000
Total governmental activities				\$ 355,770,000

Other Long-term Liabilities

The claims and judgments liability will generally be liquidated through the School District's General Fund. That fund will finance the payment of those claims by charging the other funds based on management's assessment of the relative insurance risk that should be assumed by individual funds. The net pension liability will be liquidated from the funds from which the individual employee's salaries are paid, generally the General Fund and the Cafeteria Fund.

Arbitrage liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated from the 2023 Building & Site & Refunding Fund when payable to the Internal Revenue Service.

The School District has two long-term voluntary retirement incentive programs. The first called for a total payout of \$815,390 through June 2025 to be paid in monthly installments of \$335 per person. The second called for a total payout of \$4,800,000 through June 2025, paid at a rate of \$1,200,000 per year. The last payment was made during 2025.

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities						
	Othe	r De	bt		_		
Years Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total		
2026 2027	\$ 29,790,000 33.125.000	\$	11,617,468 10.437,701	\$	41,407,468 43.562.701		
2028 2029	34,160,000 35.255.000		9,425,254 8.384.938		43,585,254 43.639.938		
2030 2031-2035	36,210,000 144,510,000		7,437,416 22,268,524		43,647,416 166,778,524		
2036-2040 2041-2043	 25,005,000 17,715,000		8,293,750 1,791,250		33,298,750 19,506,250		
Total	\$ 355,770,000	\$	79,656,301	\$	435,426,301		

School Loan Revolving Fund

The School Loan Revolving Fund payable represents a direct borrowing from the State of Michigan for loans made to the School District, as authorized by the 1963 State of Michigan Constitution, for the purpose of paying principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the School District issued for capital expenditures. Interest rates are to be annually determined by the State Administrative Board in accordance with Section 9 of Act No. 92 of the Public Acts of 2005 (the "Act"), as amended. The School Loan Revolving Fund is accessible to school districts for borrowings that initiated after July 19, 2005. Interest during the year decreased from 4.56 percent as of July 1, 2024 to 4.22 percent as of June 30, 2025. Repayment begins as soon as annual tax collections exceed annual debt service payment requirements. The predetermined mandatory final loan repayment date is May 1, 2040. If the School District fails to levy the appropriate debt mills in accordance with the agreement or defaults in loan repayment, the School District shall increase its debt levy in the next succeeding year, and a default late charge of 3 percent will apply. Due to the variability of the factors that affect the timing of repayment, including the future amount of state equalized value of property in the School District, no provision for repayment has been included in the above debt maturity schedule. If the School District is in default of the loan agreement, the State of Michigan may withhold state aid funding until repayment terms satisfactory to the State of Michigan have been made.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for all claims except workers' compensation and dental. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. For dental, claims are limited to various maximum amounts, which depend on employee contractual groups.

2025

June 30, 2025

2024

Note 9 - Risk Management (Continued)

The School District estimates the liability for workers' compensation claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported, as well as those that have not yet been reported. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	2025		2024	
Estimated liability - Beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	254,794 349,696 (245,836)	\$	310,205 228,817 (284,228)
Estimated liability - End of year	\$	358,654	\$	254,794

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplementary payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The ranges of rates are as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025	20.96% - 30.11%	0.00% - 1.25%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30. 2025 were \$42,293,889, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$10,310,605 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate as well as \$2,343,641 of a one-time state payment received and remitted to the System for the purpose of contribution additional assets to the System.

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$3,673,581, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a liability of \$233,006,136 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.952 and 0.951 percent, respectively, representing a change of 0.058 percent.

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported an asset of \$40,854,361 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2025 was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.949 and 0.955 percent, respectively, representing a change of (0.566) percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2025, the School District recognized pension expense of \$15,006,432, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Outflows of Resources	_	Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	6,321,620	\$	(2,531,644)
Changes in assumptions		24,292,271		(17,071,981)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's		-		(44,467,447)
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the		449,127		(9,352,022)
measurement date	_	35,414,650	_	
Total	\$	66,477,668	\$	(73,423,094)

June 30, 2025

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The \$12,654,246 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount				
2026 2027 2028 2029	\$	(12,037,020) (1,564,607) (17,195,311) (11,563,138)			
Total	\$	(42,360,076)			

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District recognized OPEB recovery of \$15,038,159.

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(43,293,146)
Changes in assumptions		8,923,180		(1,025,646)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		(7,734,199)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions		1,087,576		(3,100,018)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	_	924,972	_	
Total	\$	10,935,728	\$	(55,153,009)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	 Amount			
2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 Thereafter	\$ (14,560,118) (8,964,455) (9,075,196) (7,687,241) (4,084,413) (770,830)			
Total	\$ (45,142,253)			

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB liability were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%	Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent
Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	6.50% - 7.25%	Year 1 - graded to 3.5 percent in year 15
Mortality basis		PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality
•		Tables, scaled 100 percent (retirees: 116
		percent for males and 116 percent for females)
		and adjusted for mortality improvements using
		projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension liability and OPEB asset as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Significant assumption changes since the prior measurement date, September 30, 2023, for the OPEB plans include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and an increase of 0.25 percentage points for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB liability was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB asset.

I ong-term

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return		
Damas dia amilia mada	05.00.0/	F 20 0/		
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.30 %		
Private equity pools	16.00	9.00		
International equity pools	15.00	6.50		
Fixed-income pools	13.00	2.20		
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	7.10		
Absolute return pools	9.00	5.20		
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	6.90		
Short-term investment pools	2.00	1.40		
Total	100.00 %			

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.3 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage			Current	1 Percentage		
	Р	Point Decrease		Discount Rate		oint Increase	
	_	(5.00%)		(6.00%)	_	(7.00%)	
Net pension liability of the School District	\$	341,589,498	\$	233,006,136	\$	142,589,594	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)		Current Discount Rate (6.00%)		1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)	
Net OPEB asset of the School District	\$ (31,572,587)	\$ (4	40,854,361)	\$	(48,879,435)	

June 30, 2025

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage oint Decrease	Current Rate	1 Percentage Point Increase
Net OPEB asset of the School District	\$ (48,879,523) \$	(40,854,361)	\$ (32,247,419)

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a payable of \$5,583,948 and \$133,385 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 11 - Tax Abatements

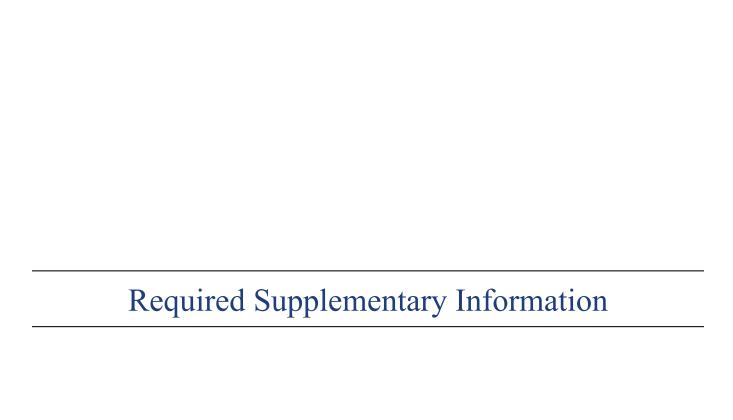
The School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the School District's property tax revenue was reduced by \$276,775 under this program.

The School District is reimbursed for lost revenue caused by tax abatements on the operating millage of nonhomestead properties from the State of Michigan under the school aid formula. The School District received approximately \$187,010 in reimbursements from the State of Michigan. The School District is not reimbursed for lost revenue from the debt service millages. There are no abatements made by the School District.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

On August 5, 2025, the School District issued \$47,215,000 in general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 5 percent. The net proceeds of these bonds (after payment of \$205,946 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) were used to partially refund the 2015 Refunding Series A and fully refund the outstanding principal balance of the 2016 Refunding Series A bonds.



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Under) Over Final Budget
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 22,710,986 173,532,395 7,890,553	\$ 23,571,559 173,110,076 8,281,695	\$ 23,358,124 171,950,130 7,225,114	\$ (213,435) (1,159,946) (1,056,581)
Interdistrict	11,383,844	11,474,860	11,438,513	(36,347)
Total revenue	215,517,778	216,438,190	213,971,881	(2,466,309)
Expenditures Current: Instruction:				
Basic programs Added needs Adult/Continuing education	96,373,084 33,263,010 155,389	95,042,647 32,493,296 203,857	95,554,354 31,269,698 185,016	511,707 (1,223,598) (18,841)
Support services: Pupil Instructional staff	21,248,960 9,789,136	21,250,662 9,700,484	20,878,095 8,623,217	(372,567) (1,077,267)
General administration School administration Business	1,415,304 12,592,296 2,740,289	1,350,009 12,261,076 2,773,457	1,256,951 12,526,411 2,766,320	(93,058) 265,335 (7,137)
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation services Central	17,752,828 7,001,631	18,531,999 6,502,725 5,539,774	18,388,308 6,129,595	(143,691) (373,130)
Other Community services	5,353,189 2,652,950 1,031,046	2,808,336 1,031,048	5,183,015 2,758,341 781,825	(356,759) (49,995) (249,223)
Total expenditures	211,369,112	209,489,370	206,301,146	(3,188,224)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	4,148,666	6,948,820	7,670,735	721,915
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Other expenditures	1,761,026 (5,192,794)	1,854,988 (5,172,385) (15,000)	1,854,748 (5,172,515) (15,000)	(240) (130)
Total other financing uses	(3,431,768)	(3,332,397)	(3,332,767)	(370)
Net Change in Fund Balance	716,898	3,616,423	4,337,968	721,545
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	40,866,389	40,866,389	40,866,389	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 41,583,287	\$ 44,482,812	\$ 45,204,357	\$ 721,545

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Cooperative Activities Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	 Original Budget	_ <u>F</u>	inal Budget		Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenue Local sources Interdistrict	\$ 860,000 3,614,246	\$	918,500 3,663,898	\$	946,573 3,665,879	\$	28,073 1,981	
Total revenue	4,474,246		4,582,398		4,612,452		30,054	
Expenditures Current:								
Instruction	4,625,723		4,619,623		2,697,097		(1,922,526)	
Support services	429,200		434,200		430,460		(3,740)	
International Academy	 3,313,654		3,007,793		3,054,767		46,974	
Total expenditures	 8,368,577		8,061,616		6,182,324		(1,879,292)	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue	(3,894,331)		(3,479,218)		(1,569,872)		1,909,346	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	 1,177,794 (1,107,316)		1,172,385 (1,139,118)		1,172,515 (1,138,878)		130 240	
Total other financing sources	 70,478		33,267		33,637		370	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,823,853)		(3,445,951)		(1,536,235)		1,909,716	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	 20,574,815	_	20,574,815	_	20,574,815			
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 16,750,962	\$	17,128,864	\$	19,038,580	\$	1,909,716	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.95174 %	0.95119 %	0.97282 %	1.02383 %	1.01342 %	1.00261 %	0.99316 %	0.99438 %	0.98027 %	0.99317 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 233,006,136	\$ 307,864,304	\$ 365,865,244	\$ 242,396,693	\$ 348,121,914	\$ 332,029,236	\$ 298,562,931	\$ 257,686,252	\$ 244,568,269	\$ 242,581,555
School District's covered payroll	\$ 98,935,855	\$ 94,562,241	\$ 91,465,276	\$ 92,969,747	\$ 89,403,576	\$ 88,448,866	\$ 84,056,325	\$ 83,996,191	\$ 84,418,371	\$ 84,653,222
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	235.51 %	325.57 %	400.00 %	260.73 %	389.38 %	375.39 %	355.19 %	306.78 %	289.71 %	286.56 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.44 %	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	60.08 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Eight Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30

	_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability		0.94913 %	0.95453 %	0.94835 %	1.03602 %	1.01212 %	1.01392 %	0.98867 %	0.99333 %
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	f \$	(40,854,361) \$	(5,399,789) \$	20,086,711 \$	15,813,557 \$	54,221,916 \$	72,776,529 \$	78,588,796 \$	87,963,785
School District's covered payroll	\$	98,935,855 \$	94,562,241 \$	91,465,276 \$	92,969,747 \$	89,403,576 \$	88,448,866 \$	84,056,325 \$	83,996,191
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	f	(41.29)%	(5.71)%	21.96 %	17.01 %	60.65 %	82.28 %	93.50 %	104.72 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		143.08 %	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years
Years Ended June 30

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 41,201,247	\$ 40,321,793	\$ 44,276,091	\$ 33,633,027	\$ 31,245,971	\$ 28,053,141	\$ 26,686,572	\$ 25,438,468	\$ 23,691,561	\$ 23,205,511
statutorily required contribution	41,201,247	40,321,793	44,276,091	33,633,027	31,245,971	28,053,141	26,686,572	25,438,468	23,691,561	23,205,511
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u> - </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$101,715,089	\$ 97,958,888	\$ 93,444,878	\$ 90,948,982	\$ 92,967,888	\$ 89,224,121	\$ 87,580,874	\$ 83,860,548	\$ 85,661,493	\$ 84,189,404
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	40.51 %	41.16 %	47.38 %	36.98 %	33.61 %	31.44 %	30.47 %	30.33 %	27.66 %	27.56 %

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Last Eight Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30

	_	2025		2024		2023	2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	3,028,567	\$	8,047,739	\$	7,521,565 \$	7,411,614	\$	7,736,555	\$	7,169,693	\$	6,879,500 \$	6,106,190
statutorily required contribution		3,028,567		8,047,739	7,521,565		7,411,614		7,736,555		7,169,693		6,879,500	6,106,190
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$	-	\$		\$	<u> </u>	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	101,715,089	\$	97,958,888	\$	93,444,878 \$	90,948,982	\$	92,967,888	\$	89,224,121	\$	87,580,874 \$	83,860,548
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.98 %		8.22 %		8.05 %	8.15 %		8.32 %		8.04 %		7.86 %	7.28 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

Pension Information

The required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 include a one-time contribution of \$2,343,641 referred to as 147c(2), related to the funding received from the State and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

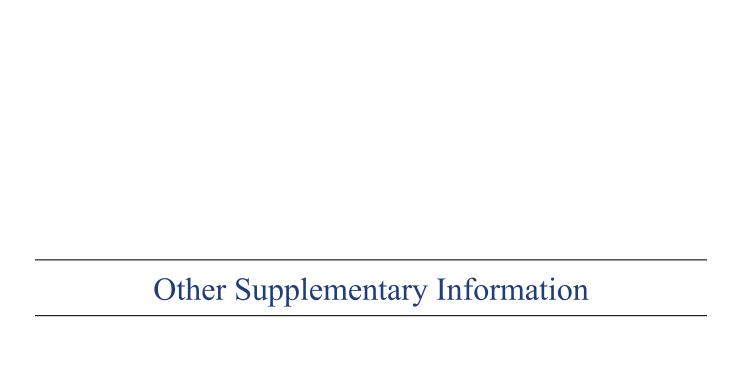
There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2024 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage points for members over 65.
- 2023 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2023 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2025

- 2021 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage
 points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to
 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB
 liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.



	Spec	cial Revenue F	unds	Debt Service Funds							
	Cafeteria	District Child Care	Student/ School Activities	2015 Refunding Series A	Re	2016 efunding eries A	2016 Refunding Series B	2018	Debt		
Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 2,646,451 5,900	\$ 1,219,314 -	\$ 2,925,631 -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		
Due from other funds Inventory Restricted assets	864,362 130,750 -	- - -	120,452 - -	- - 685,080)	- - 352,096	- - 308,488	274	- - 4,302		
Total assets	\$ 3,647,463	\$ 1,219,314	\$ 3,046,083	\$ 685,080	\$	352,096	\$ 308,488	\$ 274	4,302		
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 238,460 - 110,289	\$ - 289,710 -	\$ - 712,264 -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -		
Total liabilities	348,749	289,710	712,264	-		-	-		-		
Fund Balances Nonspendable - Inventory Restricted:	130,750	-	-	-		-	-		-		
Debt service Capital projects Food service	3,167,964	- - -	- - -	685,080 - -)	352,096 - -	308,488 - -	274	4,302 - -		
Committed: Student/School activities Child care activities	-	929,604	2,333,819	<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>		-		
Total fund balances	3,298,714	929,604	2,333,819	685,080)	352,096	308,488	274	4,302		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,647,463	\$ 1,219,314	\$ 3,046,083	\$ 685,080	\$	352,096	\$ 308,488	\$ 274	4,302		

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

			Debt Serv	/ice	Funds		Capital Pro					
									2005		Manthey	
	2019		020 Debt		2021		23 B&S &	В	uilding and		Capital	
R	efunding	F	Refunding	_F	Refunding	_R	Refunding		Site	_	Projects	Total
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 6,791,396
•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	5,900
	-		-		-		-		-		383,670	1,368,484
	-		-		-		-		-		-	130,750
	280,492	_	342,674		46,838		401,896	_	3,150,355	_	-	5,842,221
\$	280,492	\$	342,674	\$	46,838	\$	401,896	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$14,138,751
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 238,460
•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	1,001,974
_	-		-		-		-		-		-	110,289
	-		-		-		-		-		-	1,350,723
	-		-		-		-		-		-	130,750
	280,492		342,674		46,838		401,896		_		_	2,691,866
	-		-				-01,000		3,150,355		383,670	3,534,025
	-		-		-		-		-		-	3,167,964
	_		_		_		_		_		_	2,333,819
_	-		-		-		-		-	_	-	929,604
	280,492	_	342,674	_	46,838		401,896		3,150,355	_	383,670	12,788,028
\$	280,492	\$	342,674	\$	46,838	\$	401,896	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$14,138,751
		_		_		_		=		=		

	Spe	ecial Revenue Fur	nds	Debt Service Funds								
	Cafeteria	District Child Care	Student/ School Activities	2015 Refunding Series A	2016 Refunding Series A	2016 Refunding Series B	2018 Debt					
Revenue Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 637,955 2,868,959 4,826,068	\$ 1,762,934 26,795	\$ 5,543,503 - -	\$ 11,003,181 92,262 -	\$ 5,645,887 47,418	\$ 4,930,969 41,545	\$ 4,392,987 36,941					
Total revenue	8,332,982	1,789,729	5,543,503	11,095,443	5,693,305	4,972,514	4,429,928					
Expenditures Current: Support services Food services Community services District child care	8,042,049 - -	40,084 - 157,579 1,274,846	5,593,054 - - -	8,863 - - -	3,750 - - -	4,244 - - -	3,791 - - -					
Debt service: Principal Interest Other debt costs Capital outlay	- - - 1,012,497	- - - -	- - -	9,555,000 1,831,362 35,120	3,485,000 2,352,809 19,080	4,255,000 842,521 15,814	1,450,000 3,081,199 14,061					
Total expenditures	9,054,546	1,472,509	5,593,054	11,430,345	5,860,639	5,117,579	4,549,051					
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(721,564)	317,220	(49,551)	(334,902)	(167,334)	(145,065)	(119,123)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund proceeds Transfers out	- (400,000)	- (315,870)	<u>-</u> -	417,915 -	214,787	188,185	167,330					
Total other financing (uses) sources	(400,000)	(315,870)	_	417,915	214,787	188,185	167,330					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,121,564)	1,350	(49,551)	83,013	47,453	43,120	48,207					
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported	4,420,278	928,254	2,383,370	602,067	304,643	265,368	226,095					
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)												
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as adjusted or restated	4,420,278	928,254	2,383,370	602,067	304,643	265,368	226,095					
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 3,298,714	\$ 929,604	\$ 2,333,819	\$ 685,080	\$ 352,096	\$ 308,488	\$ 274,302					

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2025

			Debt Servi	ce F	unds				(
	2019 Refunding	_	2020 Debt Refunding		2021 Refunding		2023 B&S & Refunding		005 Building and Site	_	Manthey Capital Projects		Formerly onmajor - 2018 illding and Site - Series	_	Total
\$	4,487,529 37,775 -	\$	5,496,624 46,149 -	\$	723,747 6,308 -	\$	6,363,216 54,125 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	50,988,532 3,258,277 4,826,068
	4,525,304		5,542,773		730,055		6,417,341		-		-		-		59,072,877
	3,448 - - -		4,840 - - -		896 - - -		4,367 - - -		: : :		:		- - - -		5,667,337 8,042,049 157,579 1,274,846
	2,000,000 2,572,388 14,378		3,905,000 1,874,902 17,566		- 742,885 2,401 -		3,915,000 2,443,561 20,602		- - -	_	- - - -		- - -		28,565,000 15,741,627 139,022 1,012,497
	4,590,214		5,802,308		746,182		6,383,530		-		-		-		60,599,957
	(64,910)		(259,535)		(16,127)		33,811		-		-		-		(1,527,080)
	171,107 -		209,040		28,573 -		245,166 -		- -	_	-		- -		1,642,103 (715,870)
	171,107		209,040		28,573	_	245,166	_	-	_				_	926,233
	106,197		(50,495)		12,446		278,977		-		-		-		(600,847)
	174,295		393,169		34,392		122,919		3,150,355		383,670		11,783,887		25,172,762
	-		-		-		-		-	_	_	_	(11,783,887)		(11,783,887)
	174,295	_	393,169		34,392	_	122,919		3,150,355	_	383,670	_		_	13,388,875
\$	280,492	\$	342,674	\$	46,838	\$	401,896	\$	3,150,355	\$	383,670	\$	-	\$	12,788,028
_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Cooperative Activities Fund

June 30, 2025

	 International Academy	 Student Intervention Program	 Total
Assets Cash and investments Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$ 680,795 28,073 -	\$ 18,175,852 - 153,860	\$ 18,856,647 28,073 153,860
Total assets	\$ 708,868	\$ 18,329,712	\$ 19,038,580
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	 - 708,868 -	153,860 - 18,175,852	153,860 708,868 18,175,852
Total fund balances	 708,868	 18,329,712	 19,038,580
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 708,868	\$ 18,329,712	\$ 19,038,580

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Cooperative Activities Fund

Year	Ended	June	30.	2025
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		International Academy	Student Intervention Program	Total
Revenue				
Local sources	\$	157,573	\$ 789,000	\$ 946,573
Interdistrict	_	3,665,879	 	 3,665,879
Total revenue		3,823,452	789,000	4,612,452
Expenditures Current: Instruction:				
Basic programs		129,961	<u>-</u>	129,961
Added needs		-	2,467,126	2,467,126
Support services - Pupil International Academy		428,236 3,054,767	-	428,236 3,054,767
•		102,234	-	102,234
Capital outlay			 <u> </u>	 102,234
Total expenditures		3,715,198	 2,467,126	 6,182,324
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		108,254	(1,678,126)	(1,569,872)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	_	1,172,515 (1,138,878)	 <u>-</u>	1,172,515 (1,138,878)
Total other financing sources	_	33,637	 _	33,637
Net Change in Fund Balances		141,891	(1,678,126)	(1,536,235)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		566,977	 20,007,838	20,574,815
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	708,868	\$ 18,329,712	\$ 19,038,580

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2025

	20	015 Refunding Series A	20	16 Refunding Series A	20	016 Refunding Series B		2018 Building and Site - Series 1	20	019 Refunding		2020 Debt Refunding	20	021 Refunding		2023 B&S & Refunding		
Years Ending June 30		Principal		Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal	_	Principal		Total
2026 2027	\$	9,730,000 3,975,000	\$	3,505,000 3,530,000	\$	4,245,000 1,660,000	\$	1,550,000 1,700,000	\$	2,900,000 14,425,000	\$	5,790,000 4,470,000	\$	- -	\$	2,070,000 \$ 3,365,000	\$	29,790,000 33,125,000
2028		-		3,550,000		· · · -		1,950,000		20,800,000		2,895,000		-		4,965,000		34,160,000
2029		-		3,565,000		-		2,100,000		21,600,000		6,915,000		-		1,075,000		35,255,000
2030		-		3,585,000		-		2,250,000		22,450,000		5,245,000		-		2,680,000		36,210,000
2031		-		3,605,000		-		2,400,000		6,000,000		11,980,000		10,500,000		1,110,000		35,595,000
2032		-		3,625,000		-		2,550,000		6,250,000		12,270,000		10,660,000		1,130,000		36,485,000
2033		-		3,640,000		-		2,700,000		-		19,100,000		10,855,000		1,150,000		37,445,000
2034		-		3,655,000		-		2,850,000		-		14,655,000		-		5,835,000		26,995,000
2035		-		3,675,000		-		3,100,000		-		-		-		1,215,000		7,990,000
2036		-		-		-		3,325,000		-		-		-		1,225,000		4,550,000
2037		-		-		-		3,475,000		-		-		-		1,290,000		4,765,000
2038		-		-		-		3,650,000		-		-		-		1,355,000		5,005,000
2039		-		-		-		3,800,000		-		-		-		1,420,000		5,220,000
2040		-		-		-		3,975,000		-		-		-		1,490,000		5,465,000
2041		-		-		-		4,125,000		-		-		-		1,565,000		5,690,000
2042		-		-		-		4,300,000		-		-		-		1,640,000		5,940,000
2043				-		-		4,425,000	_	-		-	_	-		1,660,000		6,085,000
Total remaining	_		_		_		_		_		_		_				_	
payments	\$	13,705,000	<u>\$</u>	35,935,000	\$	5,905,000	\$	54,225,000	\$	94,425,000	\$	83,320,000	\$	32,015,000	<u>\$</u>	36,240,000	\$	355,770,000
Principal payments due	•	May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		
Interest rate	3.	13% to 5.00%	2.	75% to 5.00%		5.00%		5.00%	1.	92% to 2.59%	0	.64% to 2.08%	2.	06% to 2.26%		5.00%		
Original issue	\$	38,170,000	\$	63,915,000	\$	45,295,000	\$	61,875,000	\$	97,425,000	\$	115,880,000	\$	32,015,000	\$	41,155,000		

Interest payments for the bond issues are due on May 1 and November 1 of each year.